

ARTICLE III-A. GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 210.005: DEFINITIONS

In this Chapter, unless the context requires a different definition, the following shall apply:

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE: Has the meaning specified in Section 556.056, RSMo.

BURDEN OF INJECTING THE ISSUE: Has the meaning specified in Section 556.051, RSMo.

CONFINEMENT:

1. A person is in confinement when he/she is held in a place of confinement pursuant to arrest or order of a court and remains in confinement until:

- a. A court orders his/her release; or
- b. He/she is released on bail, bond or recognizance, personal or otherwise; or
- c. A public servant having the legal power and duty to confine him/her authorizes his/her release without guard and without condition that he/she return to confinement.

2. A person is not in confinement if:

- a. He/she is on probation or parole, temporary or otherwise; or
- b. He/she is under sentence to serve a term of confinement which is not continuous, or is serving a sentence under a work-release program, and in either such case is not being held in a place of confinement or is not being held under guard by a person having the legal power and duty to transport him/her to or from a place of confinement.

CONSENT: Consent or lack of consent may be expressed or implied. Assent does not constitute consent if:

1. It is given by a person who lacks the mental capacity to authorize the conduct charged to constitute the offense and such mental incapacity is manifest or known to the actor; or

2. It is given by a person who by reason of youth, mental disease or defect, or intoxication is manifestly unable or known by the actor to be unable to make a reasonable judgment as to the nature or harmfulness of the conduct charged to constitute the offense; or

3. It is induced by force, duress or deception.

CRIMINAL NEGLIGENCE: Has the meaning specified in Section 562.016, RSMo.

CUSTODY: A person is in custody when he/she has been arrested but has not been delivered to a place of confinement.

DANGEROUS FELONY: The felonies of arson in the first degree, assault in the first degree, forcible rape, forcible sodomy, kidnapping, murder in the second degree and robbery in the first degree.

DANGEROUS INSTRUMENT: Any instrument, article or substance which, under the circumstances in which it is used, is readily capable of causing death or other serious physical injury.

DEADLY WEAPON: Any firearm, loaded or unloaded, or any weapon from which a shot, readily capable of producing death or serious physical injury, may be discharged, or a switchblade knife, dagger, billy, blackjack or metal knuckles.

FELONY: Has the meaning specified in Section 556.016, RSMo.

FORCIBLE COMPULSION: Means either:

1. Physical force that overcomes reasonable resistance; or
2. A threat, express or implied, that places a person in reasonable fear of death, serious physical injury or kidnapping of himself/herself or another person.

INCAPACITATED: That physical or mental condition, temporary or permanent, in which a person is unconscious, unable to appraise the nature of his/her conduct, or unable to communicate unwillingness to an act. A person is not "*incapacitated*" with respect to an act committed upon him/her if he/she became unconscious, unable to appraise the nature of his/her conduct or unable to communicate unwillingness to an act, after consenting to the act.

INFRACTION: Has the meaning specified in Section 556.021, RSMo.

INHABITABLE STRUCTURE: Has the meaning specified in Section 569.010, RSMo.

KNOWINGLY: Has the meaning specified in Section 562.016, RSMo.

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER: Any public servant having both the power and duty to make arrests for violations of the laws of this State, and Federal Law Enforcement Officers authorized to carry firearms and to make arrests for violations of the laws of the United States.

MISDEMEANOR: Has the meaning specified in Section 556.016, RSMo.

OFFENSE: Any felony, misdemeanor or infraction.

PHYSICAL INJURY: Physical pain, illness, or any impairment of physical condition.

PLACE OF CONFINEMENT: Any building or facility and the grounds thereof wherein a court is legally authorized to order that a person charged with or convicted of a crime be held.

POSSESS OR POSSESSED: Having actual or constructive possession of an object with knowledge of its presence. A person has actual possession if he/she has the object on his/her person or within easy reach and convenient control. A person has constructive possession if he/she has the power and the intention at a given time to exercise dominion or control over the object either directly or through another person or persons. Possession may also be sole or joint. If one (1) person alone has possession of an object, possession is sole. If two (2) or more persons share possession of an object, possession is joint.

PUBLIC SERVANT: Any person employed in any way by a government of this State who is compensated by the government by reason of his/her employment, any person appointed to a position with any government of this State, or any person elected to a position with any government of this State. It includes, but is not limited to, legislators, jurors, members of the judiciary and Law Enforcement Officers. It does not include witnesses.

PURPOSELY: Has the meaning specified in Section 562.016, RSMo.

RECKLESSLY: Has the meaning specified in Section 562.016, RSMo.

RITUAL OR CEREMONY: An act or series of acts performed by two (2) or more persons as part of an established or prescribed pattern of activity.

SERIOUS EMOTIONAL INJURY: An injury that creates a substantial risk of temporary or permanent medical or psychological damage, manifested by impairment of a behavioral, cognitive or physical condition. "*Serious emotional injury*" shall be established by testimony of qualified experts upon the reasonable expectation of probable harm to a reasonable degree of medical or psychological certainty.

SERIOUS PHYSICAL INJURY: Physical injury that creates a substantial risk of death or that causes serious disfigurement or protracted loss or impairment of the function of any part of the body.

SEXUAL CONDUCT: Acts of human masturbation; deviate sexual intercourse; sexual intercourse; or physical contact with a person's clothed or unclothed genitals, pubic area, buttocks, or the breast of a female in an act of apparent sexual stimulation or gratification.

SEXUAL CONTACT: Any touching of the genitals or anus of any person, or the breast of any female person, or any such touching through the clothing, for the purpose of arousing or gratifying sexual desire of any person.

SEXUAL PERFORMANCE: Any performance, or part thereof, which includes sexual conduct by a child who is less than seventeen (17) years of age.

VOLUNTARY ACT: Has the meaning specified in Section 562.011, RSMo.